

Nedo project

Gregor Omahen ELES



HITACHI Inspire the Next





- Visualize information of distribution network
- Optimize voltage
- Reduce outage time
- Obtain reserve power

1. Introduction



2016-2021 Split in two phases Phase 1: 2016-2019 Phase 2: 2018-2021 Over 30 partners involved Value: 35 million €





State estimation:

- Voltage control
- Conservation voltage reserve
- Reactive power provision
- Closed loop operation
- Short term nodal forecasting
- Systems integration using CIM standard

Demand side management:

- Critical peak tariff
- Balancing of system

- Multifunctional use of system storage:
 - Automatic frequency control
 - Emergency situations
- Smart Communities:
 - Energy management optimization
 - Flexibility







Network operators





Source: The Surveying and Mapping Authority of the Republic of Slovenia





Kleče

Phase 1: Cloud **Distribution Management System (DMS)**

Phase 2 plan: Cloud Area Energy Management System (AEMS)



Substation Slovenj Gradec



50% higher reliability of supply



Substation Breg



>95% Voltage within standard







Substation Breg



>95% Voltage within standard







5% lower consumption in public buildings



Ljubljana plan



5 times

larger islanding area



Project plan 3x dms 41x network control devices 5X Local voltage controller 99X Network measurements 5MW Battery Storage 2X AEMS 100 Relays ~150 xEMS



2. Achievements



Equipment installed

Systems integrated

- Phase 2:
 - Implementation plan prepared

- Demand side management:
 - Systems and equipment installed
 - 10 months of testing



Critical peak price:

- 50 hours (chosen by DSO with 24 hours advance notice) the network tariff is 10 times higher, in rest of hours the network tariff is 10 % lower – network bill should remain similar if consumers don't react
- Average 20 € per consumer per year saving
- System balancing
 - 50 hours of activations (chosen by TSO with 15 minutes notice)
 - Consumers receive 25 € compensation for successful participation





2 months

of communication activities

presentations to local communities

Web page, posters Facebook Press conference Publications in local media 830 consumers involved (10 % of all consumers in the area)100 consumers have load automation technologies





Winter time load reduction around 30 %, summer time load reduction around 20 %





On average around 10 % reduction, but very fluctuating



- Participants in general very satisfied with the project, willing to continue with participation and willing to recommend to others
- Bills were lower for vast majority of participants compared to traditional system
- Consumers are in general prepared to shift consumption for up to one hour – need of DSO is usually longer
- Without automation, consumers are in majority expecting at least a couple of hours advance notice
- Automation is needed for activations with shorter than 1 hour notice – only aplicable for some users



- Impossible to include high enough share of participants supplied from local nodes if participation is voluntary
- Communication is less reliable in rural areas
- Automation equipment is expensive



- Interoperability between Distribution management system and Demand response platform
- Establish nodal flexibility market
- New business models for including smallest consumers to flexibility portfolios
- New business models for including large scale number of volatile flexibility resources



Thank you for your attention

More information: gregor.omahen@eles.si